

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS SUMMARY Mediterranean Maritime Hub p.l.c. 25<sup>th</sup> June 2019





The Directors

Mediterranean Maritime Hub Finance plc,
Head Office Building

Xatt il-Mollijiet, Mdina Road,
Marsa MRS 1152, Malta

25<sup>th</sup> June 2019

Dear Sir/Madam,

In accordance with your instructions, and in line with the requirements of the Listing Authority Policies, we have compiled the Financial Analysis Summary (the "Analysis") set out on the following pages and which is being forwarded to you together with this letter.

The purpose of the financial analysis is that of summarising key financial data appertaining to Mediterranean Maritime Hub Finance p.l.c. (the "Issuer") and MMH Holdings Limited (the "Guarantor"), where the latter is the parent company of the "Group". The data is derived from various sources or is based on our own computations as follows:

- a) Historical financial data for the three years ended 2016, 2017 and 2018 have been extracted from the Issuer's audited statutory financial statements for the three years in question.
- b) The forecast data for the financial year ending 31st December 2019 has been provided by management.
- c) Our commentary on the Issuer and Guarantor's results and financial position is based on the explanations set out by the Issuer in the Prospectus and Listing Authority Policies.
- d) The ratios quoted in the Analysis have been computed by us applying the definitions set out in Part 4 of the Analysis.
- e) The principal relevant market players listed in Part 3 of the document have been identified by management. Relevant financial data in respect of competitors has been extracted from public sources such as the web sites of the companies concerned or financial statements filed with the Registrar of Companies.

The Analysis is meant to assist investors in the Issuer's securities and potential investors by summarising the more important financial data of the Group. The Analysis does not contain all data that is relevant to investors or potential investors. The Analysis does not constitute an endorsement by our firm of any securities of the Issuer and should not be interpreted as a recommendation to invest in any of the Issuer's securities. We shall not accept any liability for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the Analysis. As with all investments, potential investors are encouraged to seek professional advice before investing in the Issuer's securities.

Yours sincerely,

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Nick Calamatta Director



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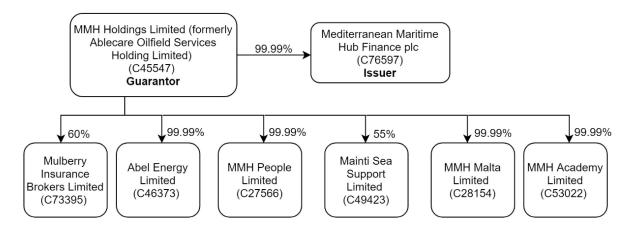


# Part 1 - Information about the Issuer

### 1.1 Group's key activities and Group Structure

Mediterranean Maritime Hub Finance Plc ("the **Issuer**") was incorporated on 26<sup>th</sup> July 2016 and is a fully owned subsidiary company of MMH Holdings Limited ("the **Guarantor**"). MMH Holdings Limited (formerly Ablecare Oilfield Services Holdings Limited) was incorporated in Malta in 2008 and as the holding company, holds shares in a number of subsidiary companies primarily operating in the marine and oil and gas services sector ("the **Group**").

The Group's complete organisation chart is set out below:



#### **MMH Malta Limited**

MMH Malta Limited focuses on the supply of tailor-made services supporting the oil and gas industry, as well as marine services through its operation of the Mediterranean Maritime Hub. Its services are mainly of an operational, logistical and maintenance nature, as may be required by oil drilling companies and their support service providers referred to as the International Oil Companies or 'IOCs'.

From January 2017 MMH Malta Limited took over the services previously offered by MMH People Limited, which is now non-trading. Accordingly, MMH Malta Limited now also provides services of recruitment, contracting and secondment of specialised maintenance personnel and related manning logistical services for the oil and gas industry, together with the career planning and follow-up of the same personnel.

#### **MMH People Limited**

MMH People Limited transferred its business to MMH Malta Limited in the beginning of 2017 and is currently non-trading.

### **MMH Academy Limited**

MMH Academy Limited's objective is to provide education, training, conferences and related services in the field of oil exploration and engineering.



# **Abel Energy Limited**

Abel Energy Limited was set up to operate a vehicle fuel service station and related services including a car wash, convenience store and cafeteria.

During 2018, the Group obtained approval from the Planning Authority for a development permit to build a fuel station in Maghtab, Naxxar. Abel Energy Limited applied for an executable permit in order to start the construction works, which was granted by the Planning Authority in January 2019, further to which an appeal by third party objectors was filed. The Court of Appeal delivered its final decision in June 2019 and remanded the planning application to be decided upon by the Board of the Planning Authority once all documents are duly notified to all relevant parties in accordance to law. In essence, therefore, the permit is therefore awaiting the final decision by the Board of the Planning Authority.

#### **Mulberry Insurance Brokers Limited**

Mulberry Insurance Brokers Limited (Mulberry) is a limited liability company registered on 4<sup>th</sup> December 2015. It is 60% owned by MMH Holdings Limited, with the remaining 40% owned by Primus V.M. Limited, representing the shareholding interest of company employees. The company obtained an insurance brokerage licence on 24<sup>th</sup> June 2016 and commenced operations immediately after.

#### **Mainti Sea Support Limited**

Mainti Sea Support Limited was incorporated in Malta in 2010 and specialises in maintenance and float repairs. It is 55% owned by MMH Holdings Limited, with the remaining 45% owned by Janice Baldacchino. As at April 2019, management confirmed that no investment has yet been implemented in the company which currently employs four persons as mechanics.

#### Shareholders

MMH Holdings Limited has the majority shareholding of its subsidiaries.

The shareholders of MMH Holdings Limited are Paul Abela, Elesolar Company Limited and Elesolar Holdings Company Limited, with Paul Abela directly owning 0.004% and also being the ultimate beneficiary owner through the following companies:

- Elesolar Company Limited (50% shareholding in MMH Holdings Limited) is a limited liability company set up on the 25th of May 1981, under registration ref number C5511. The shareholders of this entity are Paul Abela (99.8%) and Elesolar Holdings Company Limited (0.2%).
- Elesolar Holdings Company Limited (49.996% shareholding in MMH Holdings Limited) is a limited liability company set up on 29 December 1994, under registration number C17386. The shareholders of this entity are Paul Abela (99.9%) and Elesolar Company Limited (0.1%).

#### The Guarantor's authorised and issued share capital

The authorised, issued and fully paid up share capital of MMH Holdings Limited, as at 31 December 2018, is 1,000,000 Ordinary shares, made up of equal proportions of A and B Shares of €1 each.



#### Review of the Business

The main business focus of the Group is that of providing a range of services to the marine and oil and gas service sector through both the provision of manpower and technical personnel to offshore and onshore oil well operators, as well as logistical support, yard operations, procurement and engineering services to oil rigs service companies. As a key element of its services portfolio, the Group operates the Mediterranean Maritime Hub in the innermost part of Valletta's Grand Harbour, the inauguration of which has allowed the Group to widen its range of marine-based services and products. The Group's portfolio of services is targeted at oil rigs and related operators in the Mediterranean region and West Africa, as well as the supply of personnel to operators in the North Sea. The principal business operations of the Group are provided by MMH Malta Limited.

MMH Malta Limited specialises in the specific requirements of the oil and gas and marine sectors, providing a wide range of services including rig agency and rig stop services, planning, project recruitment, the contracting of pre-screened and pre-qualified personnel, training, logistics, facilities provision, supply chain services and project management.

MMH Malta Limited's key focus is on servicing the needs of oil drilling companies in the EMEA region (Europe, Middle East and Africa region), and service providers thereto. The strength of MMH Malta Limited's provision of services is primarily owed to ongoing relationships, backed by vendor agreements and Master Service Agreements (MSAs) with some of the world's largest drilling companies.

The Group's track record is marked by the management team's ability to forge ongoing business relationships with key players in the oil and gas sector. Over time the Group has grown by increasingly catering for a wider range of services to its clients. The management team has embarked on the next phase of the business's development and has previously demonstrated the intention of expanding the physical facilities within the Hub, enabling the Group to provide a wider range of services and reduce dependence on bought-out subcontracted services.

Following the acquisition of the property title in August 2016, the Group was requested by Transport Malta to allow a temporary relief road to pass through this property in view of major road works in Marsa. The Group and Transport Malta reached an agreement to compensate the Group for disruption of the original business plan which is linked to the full utilisation of this property. The amount negotiated totalled €1.9 million for the period from August 2016 to December 2018 and €800,000 per annum for the upcoming two years, ending December 2020.

During the first quarter of 2018 the Group set up a business development team to explore diversification opportunities that would complement existing services being provided by the Hub. The yachting industry has been identified in such respect whereby through MMH Malta Limited, the Group is currently also offering maintenance and upkeep services to yachts within the Hub. In this regard, management confirmed that in 2018 the Group invested in two travel lifts with a capacity of 300 tons and 700 tons respectively, which both commenced operations in 2019.

This investment required upgrading works on quayside infrastructure and purchase of specialised lifting equipment. Indeed, two 45m long piers were specifically constructed to cater for two basins of



9m and 14m width, capable of accommodating wider commercial vessels such as tugs, supply vessels and super yachts.

The facilities and support functions typically required to service rig stops comprise:

- Quay This is to facilitate berthing and mooring;
- Yard area This is to load, unload and store equipment and acts as an extension of the rig deck;
- Engineering workshop To facilitate on-shore maintenance of equipment, prior to placing this back onto the rig;
- Procurement services/ ship chandler services This comprises the procurement of all the goods that may be required by the rig, which could range from the replacement of the items required, such as machine parts, to motors and food supplies;
- Logistical support This includes all types of logistics required by the rig, which could range from Freeport services, customs declarations, permits, physical logistics including the sending and receiving of rig equipment from hubs etc.; and
- Provision of additional manpower This involves the provision of personnel, often working under the supervision of the Original Equipment Manufacturers. This service was formerly provided by MMH People Limited, and was transferred to MMH Malta Limited in January 2017.

It may be noted that prior to the acquisition of the Hub for the purpose of servicing Malta based rig stops, the Group made use of sub-contracted facilities from other local operators. For the purpose of servicing non-Malta based rig stops, the Group will continue to make use of sub-contracted foreign facilities as the need arises.

During the year under review, the Group also completed the development of additional offices over an area of 600 square meters, the roofing of one of the larger sheds and the setting up of four dedicated workshops to provide the industry with inspection, maintenance and repair (IMR) services. As at April 2019, management confirmed that the workshops were fully occupied, whereas the offices had an 80% occupancy level. Management also confirmed that additional workshops and offices will be constructed going forward, in line with the respective demand for such facilities.

Moreover, the Group is also currently in the process of setting up a joint venture with PB Group International Limited. The joint venture aims at consolidating the respective areas of expertise of the two companies in creating logistics chains and support services in oil and gas projects, all of which will be based at the Mediterranean Maritime Hub in Marsa.

#### 1.2 Directors and key employees

#### **Board of Directors**

During 2014, the Group employed an average number of 54 employees, increasing to 100 as at April 2019. New appointees were mainly recruited in operations and logistics, site management and site surveillance, and engineering. As at May 2019, Engineering was the largest department carrying 24 employees, followed by Operations and Logistics (17 employees), and by Site Management and Maintenance (13 employees) and Site Security (8 employees).

As the business continues to transform into a model where most services will increasingly be provided in-house, the Group is streamlining its workforce in order to be better-equipped to provide one-stop-shop services to its clients.



The Board of Directors of the Issuer is composed of the following persons:

Name	Designation
Paul Abela	Chairman
Mr. Raymond Ciantar	Deputy Chairperson
Ms Angelique Maggi	<b>Executive Director</b>
Dr Michael Borg Costanzi	Non-Executive Director
Mr Lino Casapinta	Non-Executive Director
Mr Victor Denaro	Non- Executive Director

The Board of Directors of the Guarantor consists of the following persons:

Name	Designation
Mr. Paul Abela	Chairman
Ms. Angelique Maggi	Deputy Chairperson
Mr. Joseph Maggi	Director – Quality & Planning
Mr. Raymond Ciantar	Director & CFO
Mr. Duncan Brincat	Director – Administration

With effect from 1st May, 2018, Mr. Joseph Maggi was appointed as Group CEO

# 1.3 Major assets owned by the Group

In January 2015, the Group was selected as the preferred bidder for the concession, to be awarded by the Government of Malta to rehabilitate the ex-Malta Shipbuilding site — now known as the Mediterranean Maritime Hub (or the "Hub" or the "Site").

The Group intends to invest a total of approximately €55 million, in several phases, to rehabilitate the Site and fully exploit it to its maximum potential as a maritime hub, with all the facilities that typically come with this, including a dedicated rig servicing centre, facilities for support engineering services and also a training centre.

The concession is for a period of 65 years under a title of temporary emphyteusis and consists of approximately 169,000 square metres of land, mainly comprising:

- Quays 2 and 3, including lay down area, storage yards, main entrance to Site and a warehouse
- Quay 4 and 5, including yard space
- Dock
- Stand-alone external yards for open storage
- Four hangars / shed space for engineering works and internal storage
- Three main buildings which comprise warehouse space and space that could be converted into office space, engineering workshops and additional storage space
- Connecting road infrastructure

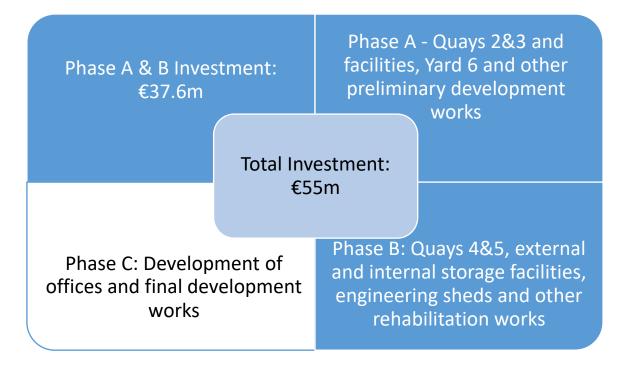
In line with the Issuer's prospectus and as further described below in section 1.4 of this Analysis, the Group is currently in the process of rehabilitating the Hub.



#### 1.4 Operational Developments

#### The Hub update

The Group is currently in the final stages of Phase of A and B of the investment plan, which in total amounts to an investment of €37.6million.



The importance of the Mediterranean Maritime Hub to the Group necessitated that the Group focused primarily on the development of the Hub. This was in fact the main business activity of the Group in 2017, 2018 and is still ongoing.

The commencement of the development of the Hub was delayed due to issues that were encountered in the course of its transfer by the Government of Malta to the Guarantor. The Group has been pursuing efforts to market the Hub internationally, recognising the current limitations of the oil and gas industry which are still facing a challenging period. However, interest in the Hub is being expressed by an increasing number of companies some of which command innovative operational concepts and which are being carefully evaluated.

During 2018, the Group completed the development of additional offices covering an overall area of 600 square meters, the roofing of one of the larger sheds and the setting up of four dedicated workshops to provide the industry with inspection, maintenance and repair (IMR) services. Furthermore, two 45-meter piers to accommodate vessel travel-hoists were also constructed, equipping the Group with the capability of lifting commercial and pleasure vessels of up to 700 tonnes from sea to dry ground for IMR services and return to sea. Moreover, management confirmed that two travel lifts with a capacity of 300 tons and 700 tons respectively started operating in 2019. Until the end of 2018, a total of €25 million were invested in the Hub.

While enabling the Group to cater for a wider range of vessels, these developments have broadened the Group's services portfolio and its customer base.



Following the acquisition of the property title in August 2016, the Group was requested by Transport Malta to allow a temporary relief road to pass through this property in view of the major road works in Marsa. As per management's assumptions, road works are to be fully completed by the end of 2020.

# Fuel station update

During 2018, the Group obtained approval from the Planning Authority for a development permit to build a fuel station in Maghtab, Naxxar. Abel Energy Limited applied for an executable permit in order to start the construction works, which was granted by the Planning Authority in January 2019, further to which an appeal by third party objectors was filed. The Court of Appeal delivered its final decision in June 2019 and remanded the planning application to be decided upon by the Board of the Planning Authority once all documents are duly notified to all relevant parties in accordance to law. In essence, therefore, the permit is therefore awaiting the final decision by the Board of the Planning Authority.

# Part 2 - Historical Performance and Forecasts

All financial information presented in this section was derived from the audited accounts of the Issuer and the Guarantor and from data provided by the Group. Forecasts are based on Management's projections for the coming year.

The Issuer was registered and incorporated on 26 July 2016 to issue the Bonds and loan the proceeds to the Group. The Issuer did not conduct any business and has no trading record prior to the financial year 2016. The Issuer's function is solely to act as the financing vehicle for the Group, and as such does not reflect the performance or financial position of the Group.

#### 2.1 Issuer's Income Statement

Income Statement	Dec-2016A	Dec-2017A	Dec-2018A	Dec 2019F
	€	€	€	€
Finance income	206,783	877,625	877,625	877,625
Finance cost	(163,215)	(746,934)	(749,771)	(751,292)
Net interest income	43,568	130,691	127,854	126,333
Administrative expenses	(33,626)	(67,810)	(77,917)	(77,236)
Profit before tax	9,942	62,881	49,937	49,097
Taxation	(3,480)	(22,008)	(17,478)	(17,184)
Profit after tax	6,462	40,873	32,459	31,913

Source: Audited financial statements and management information

Ratio Analysis	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019F
Gross Profit Margin (Net finance costs / Finance income)	21.1%	14.9%	14.6%	14.4%
Net Margin (Profit for the year / Finance Income)	3.1%	4.7%	3.7%	3.6%

Source: Calamatta Cuschieri Investment Services Ltd Workings



Given that 2017 was the Issuer's first full year of operations, net interest income increased to €0.87 million and remained unchanged in 2018. Finance income is expected to remain at this level in 2019.

Finance costs marginally increased to €0.75 million in 2018 (+0.4%) and are expected to further increase by 0.2% in 2019. Finance costs incurred in 2018 were higher than previously expected due to the reclassification of amortisation of bond issue costs from administrative expenses to finance costs and stock exchange related expenses from finance costs to administrative costs.

Administrative expenses in 2018 increased to €78k and are expected to remain at this level in 2019. In line with the above mentioned expenses reclassification, the Issuer registered lower than expected administrative expenses due to higher bond related expenses.

As a result of the above, the Issuer posted a lower than expected profit after tax of €32k in 2018. For 2019 management expect a net interest income of €0.13 million and net profit of €32k.

#### 2.2 Issuer's Financial Position

Statement of Financial Position	Dec-2016A	Dec-2017A	Dec-2018A	Dec-2019F
	€	€	€	€
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Loans and receivables	14,750,000	14,750,000	14,750,000	14,750,000
Current assets				
Trade and other receivables	206,783	371,808	470,259	468,389
Cash and cash equivalents	119,386	41,815	1,662	64,867
Total current assets	326,169	413,623	471,921	533,256
Total assets	15,076,169	15,163,623	15,221,921	15,283,256
Equity and liabilities				
Capital and reserves				
Share capital	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
Retained earnings	6,462	47,335	79,794	111,707
Total equity	256,462	297,335	329,794	361,707
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	14,653,191	14,680,125	14,709,896	14,730,822
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	166,516	186,163	182,231	190,727
Total liabilities	14,819,707	14,866,288	14,892,127	14,921,549
Total equity and liabilities	15,076,169	15,163,623	15,221,921	15,283,256

Source: Audited financial statements and management information



As at 31 December 2018, the Issuer had €15.2 million in total assets of which €14.8 million consisted of loans to MMH Malta Limited and MMH Holdings Limited, which are projected to continue to be carried until eventual redemption in 2026. The issuer had a cash balance of €2k.

Projected total equity and liabilities of €15.3 million in 2019, primarily comprise of the €14.7 million Bond issue and equity of €0.4 million.

#### 2.3 Issuer's Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows Statement	Dec-2016A	Dec-2017A	Dec-2018A	Dec-2019F
	€	€	€	€
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash used in operations	(26,426)	(77,571)	(40,153)	63,205
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(26,426)	(77,571)	(40,153)	63,205
Cash flows from investing activities		-	-	-
Proceeds of loans and receivables from fellow subsidiaries	(14,750,000)	-	-	-
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) investing activities	(14,750,000)	-	-	-
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from the issuance of ordinary shares	250,000	-	-	-
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds	15,000,000	-	-	-
Payments for bond issue costs	(354,188)	-	-	-
Net cash flows generated from / (used in) financing activities	14,895,812	-	-	-
Movement in cash and cash equivalents	119,386	(77,571)	(40,153)	63,205
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year	-	119,386	41,815	1,662
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	119,386	41,815	1,662	64,867

Source: Audited financial statements and management information

During 2018 the Issuer registered a net cash outflow generated from operating activities of €40k. This is deemed to be higher than previously anticipated and the difference mainly relates to higher finance costs and higher administrative expenses incurred by the Issuer during 2018. As a result, the net cash balance at end of year decreased to €2k.

In line with the projected movement in the income statement together with the bond issue amortisation costs, management expect a net cash inflow generated from operating activities of €63k and a net cash balance as at end of year of €65k in 2019.



#### 2.4 Guarantor's Income Statement

Income Statement	Dec-2016A	Dec-2017A	Dec-2018A	Dec-2019F
	€	€	€	€
Revenue	12,624,691	15,733,451	14,469,908	18,772,434
Cost of sales (operating costs)	(10,984,560)	(12,544,049)	(11,571,427)	(13,499,734)
Gross profit	1,640,131	3,189,402	2,898,481	5,272,700
Distribution Costs	(254,339)	(246,281)	(255,983)	(343,245)
Administrative expenses (excl.	(1,529,693)	(1,457,364)	(1,906,995)	(2,046,757)
Depreciation)				
Other operating expenses/(income)	97,526	82,332	42,845	42,000
EBITDA	(46,375)	1,568,089	778,348	2,924,698
Depreciation	(327,848)	(727,536)	(803,682)	(886,549)
EBIT	(374,223)	840,553	(25,334)	2,038,149
Finance income	5,913	19,411	18,872	1,297
Finance costs	(265,783)	(755,373)	(929,235)	(1,032,519)
Profit before tax	(634,093)	104,591	(935,697)	1,006,927
Income tax	97,479	230,880	(76,532)	(30,658)
Profit after tax	(536,614)	335,471	(1,012,229)	976,269

Source: Audited financial statements and management information

Ratio Analysis	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019F
Profitability				
Growth in Revenue (YoY Revenue Growth)	-7.9%	24.6%	-8.0%	29.7%
Gross Profit Margin (Gross Profit/ Revenue)	13.0%	20.3%	20.0%	28.1%
EBITDA Margin (EBITDA / Revenue)	-0.4%	10.0%	5.4%	15.6%
Operating (EBIT) Margin (EBIT / Revenue)	-3.0%	5.3%	-0.2%	10.9%
Net Margin (Profit for the year / Revenue)	-4.3%	2.1%	-7.0%	5.2%
Return on Common Equity (Net Income / Total Equity)	-23.9%	7.3%	-23.7%	23.0%
Return on Assets (Net Income / Total Assets)	-2.3%	1.1%	-3.0%	2.8%

Source: Calamatta Cuschieri Investment Services Ltd Workings

The Group's financial performance in 2018 have been impacted by significant costs incurred on the development of the Hub. The ground-rent incurred on the Hub in 2018 alone amounted to €713,378, whilst development works on the Site were still on going. The results were also adversely impacted by substantial increases in depreciation and finance costs charged during the year under review.

Revenue in 2018 decreased by 8% to €14.5 million (2017: €15.7million), primarily due to the overall conditions within the oil and gas market sector. Moreover, this decline in revenue has been primarily been initiated through lower activity within the segments of technical personnel and the fabrication and inspection facilities.

In line with previous projections, the segment of provision of technical personnel has contributed to 38% of the Group's total revenue. This is expected to remain stable in 2019 with a possibility of further growth as the drilling industry gains confidence in the stabilised market. The storage, logistics sand



shore support segment has surpassed previous expectations as the Group started to receive rental income derived from the provision of technical workshops and supporting administrative offices respectively in use by various clients and maritime and oil and gas industry stakeholders supported by MMH's full logistics, personnel and maritime service offering. Management further expect this segment to register an improved performance in 2019 due to the increase in facility occupancy in line with the Group's facility development.

The fabrication and inspection facilities segment has underperformed in comparison to previous projections. This decline relates to the overall downturn concerning the overall conditions within the oil and gas industry. This led the Group to compensate by strengthening its overall technical maritime support which a foundation service offering required by the commercial vessels in use within the oil and gas industry. In line with the recent recovery in oil prices, management expect the Group to generate higher levels of revenue from this segment going forward. As of 2018 the Group also started to pursue new lines of business pertaining the servicing of yachts in order to compensate for such decline in revenue. This had a positive impact on the Group's performance, resulting into higher levels of revenue generated from the berthing and docking division.

Revenue in 2019 is expected to increase by 29.7% and reach €19 million as a result of additional income generated from the storage, logistic sand shore support, the fabrication and inspection facilities and the berthing and docking divisions.

#### Revenue by Segment 50% 45% 45% 38% 37% 40% 35% 30% 30% 25% 23% 21% 25% <sup>18%</sup>16% 12% 14% 15% 20% 15% 10% 1% 1% 2% 5% 1% 1% 1% 0% Provision of Storage, logistic Fabrication and Berthing and Academy Mulberry technical sand shore inspection docking Insurance brokers facilities personnel support ■ FY17A ■ FY18A ■ FY19F

Source: Management information

The Group registered an operating loss of €25k in 2018 (2017: operating profit of €0.8 million). In line with the decrease in revenue as discussed above, cost of sales incurred in 2018 decreased to €11.6 million (2017: €12.5 million). In fact, gross profit margin in 2018 remained unchanged at 20% in comparison to the previous financial year.

Going forward, management expect results to improve, whereby gross profit in 2019 is anticipated to reach €7.5 million, translating into a gross profit margin of 40%. This is expected in the context of the materialisation of increasingly diverse market offerings not only in the oil and gas sector, but also in the various new business streams the Group has started to pursue.



During 2018 administrative expenses excluding depreciation increased to €1.9 million (2017: €1.5 million). This upsurge in administrative expenses has been initiated through an increase in ground rent relating to the Hub (2018: €713,378, 2017: €672,614).

Moreover, the Group continued to incur additional expenses specifically related to the Hub, resulting into a significant spike in wages and salaries of employees, whereby total employee benefit expense in 2018 amounted to €3 million (2017: €2.2 million).

Administrative expenses in 2019 are projected to marginally increase to €2.0 million in 2019. This is deemed to be in line with the expected increase in operations in which the Group is anticipated to undertake going forward.

Depreciation in the year under review increased to €0.8 million (2017: €0.7 million) as a result of the significant investments in property plant and equipment ("PP&E") undertaken by the Group during 2018. This eventually led EBIT margin in 2018 to decline to -0.2% in 2018 (2017: 5.3%). Management expect an operating profit of €2.0 million in 2019, resulting in an EBIT margin of 10.9%.

Finance costs increased to €0.9 million (2017: €0.8 million) as a result of the Bond issue and the bank interest incurred on the Group's existing overdraft, which continued to be withdrawn in 2018.

As a result of the above, during 2018 the Group incurred a loss of €1 million in comparison to a profit of €0.3 million registered in 2017. Management is forecasting a profit after tax of €0.98 million for 2019.

The discrepancy between the actuals for 2018 in comparison to the forecasts for 2019 relate to the fact that the investments carried out by the Group are expected to fully materialise in 2019 and will increase the usage of facilities both by the Group itself, its clients and its respective industry. These new business streams are expected to stabilise and supplement the Hub's scope as a regional maritime and oil and gas centre.



## 2.4.1 Guarantor's Variance Analysis

Income Statement	Dec-2018F	Dec-2018A	Variance
	€	€	€
Revenue	17,344,000	14,469,908	(2,874,092)
Cost of sales (operating costs)	(12,760,000)	(11,571,427)	1,188,573
Gross profit	4,584,000	2,898,481	(1,685,519)
Distribution Costs	(246,000)	(255,983)	(9,983)
Administrative expenses (excl. depreciation)	(1,390,000)	(1,906,995)	(516,995)
Other operating expenses/(income)		42,845	42,845
EBITDA	2,948,000	778,348	(2,169,652)
Depreciation	(843,000)	(803,682)	39,318
EBIT	2,105,000	(25,334)	(2,130,334)
Finance income	-	18,872	18,872
Finance costs	(938,000)	(929,235)	8,765
Profit before tax	1,167,000	(935,697)	(2,102,697)
Income tax	(224,000)	(76,532)	147,468
Profit after tax	943,000	(1,012,229)	(1,955,229)

Source: Management information

As per discussions with management, actual revenue in 2018 was €2.8 million lower than expected mainly due to the overall conditions within the oil and gas market sector. As discussed above, the decline in revenue is specifically attributable to lower activity within the segments of technical personnel and the fabrication and inspection facilities. Going forward the Group is tapping different sources of revenue streams to compensate for such decline.

Given that operating costs are interlinked with revenue, operating expenses were €1.1 million lower than previously anticipated.

Administrative expenses excluding depreciation incurred in 2018 were €0.5 million higher than previously anticipated. This upsurge in administrative expenses mainly relates to the increase in ground rent concerning the Hub, the increase in wages and salaries of employees, together with the effect of the reclassification of operating costs into administrative expenses.

As a result of the above the Group generated a consolidated loss of €1 million as opposed to an expected profit of €0.9 million.



# 2.5 Guarantor's Balance Sheet

Statement of Financial Position	Dec-2016A	Dec-2017A	Dec-2018A	Dec-2019F
	€	€	€	€
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Intangible assets	809,155	806,173	796,043	766,808
Property plant and equipment	7,417,403	18,662,479	24,488,925	25,031,611
Trade and other receivables	1,181,375	853,711	860,461	967,395
Deferred tax assets	138,075	407,002	338,313	305,980
Total non-current assets	9,546,008	20,729,365	26,483,742	27,071,794
Current assets				
Inventories	56,122	446,634	453,046	457,846
Trade and other receivables	5,132,560	6,756,096	6,012,198	5,428,359
Cash and cash equivalents	8,196,303	1,343,882	1,235,645	1,732,876
cash and cash equitions	13,384,985	8,546,612	7,700,889	7,619,081
Total assets	22,930,993	29,275,977	34,184,631	34,690,875
Facility and Baltillates				
Equity and liabilities				
Capital and reserves	F00 000	F00 000	1 000 000	1 000 000
Share capital	500,000 (71,628)	500,000 (86,596)	1,000,000 (91,993)	1,000,000 (95,215)
Reporting currency conversion reserve Other reserves	18,305	18,305	18,305	18,305
Retained earnings	3,978,921	4,305,357	2,786,270	3,739,534
Non - controlling interest	37,888	4,303,337	54,321	77,326
Total equity	4,463,486	4,783,989	3,766,903	4,739,950
Total equity	4,403,400	4,703,303	3,700,303	4,733,330
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings	14,653,191	14,680,125	17,622,242	18,990,950
Trade and other payables	425,000	425,000	425,000	425,000
Deferred tax liability		1,664,860	1,704,891	1,663,588
	15,078,191	16,769,985	19,752,133	21,079,538
Current liabilities				
Borrowings	263,059	200,058	2,110,794	2,044,922
Trade and other payables	2,638,776	7,161,699	8,195,236	6,565,102
Current tax liabilities	487,481	319,067	316,585	219,222
Other current liabilities	-	41,179	42,980	42,141
Total current liabilities	3,389,316	7,722,003	10,665,595	8,871,387
Total liabilities	18,467,507	24,491,988	30,417,728	29,950,925
Total equity and liabilities	22,930,993	29,275,977	34,184,631	34,690,875
• •				

Source: Audited financial statements and management information



Ratio Analysis	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019F
Financial Strength				
Gearing 1 (Net Debt / Total Equity)	150.6%	283.0%	491.1%	407.2%
Gearing 2 (Total Liabilities / Total Assets)	80.5%	83.7%	89.0%	86.3%
Net Debt / EBITDA	(144.9)x	8.6x	23.8x	6.6x
Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)	3.9x	1.1x	0.7x	0.9x
Quick Ratio (Current Assets - Inventory / Current Liabilities)	3.9x	1.0x	0.7x	0.8x
Interest Coverage (EBITDA / Cash interest paid)	(0.2)x	2.2x	0.9x	2.8x

Source: Calamatta Cuschieri Investment Services Ltd Workings

During 2018 the Guarantor's asset base grew by €4.9 million to €34.1 million as a result of the deployment of the funds generated from the Bond issue and subsequently invested in the Hub. This increase was reflected in PP&E, which increased from €18.6 million in 2017 to €24.5 million in 2018.

Cash and cash equivalents during 2018 increased to €1.2 million, representing a significant increase over previous projections. The difference is mainly attributable to the settlement of partial payments payable to the Group. Furthermore, the assets of the Guarantor are expected to marginally increase to €34.7 million in 2019.

The equity base of the Guarantor fell marginally as a result of the 2018 loss, thereby decreasing the amount of retained earnings from €4.3 million in 2017 to €2.8 million in 2018. The retained earnings balance as at 31st December 2018 has declined in comparison to previous projections. Apart from reflecting the loss incurred in the year under review, retained earnings were reduced following the capitalisation of previous earnings to increase the share capital by €0.5 million. Moreover, during 2018 the Group also increased its share capital to €1 million. In line with the improved projected performance for 2019, management expect the equity base to increase to €4.7 million.

Subsequent to the utilisation of additional bank loans and the withdrawal of a bank overdraft in order to finance the development of the Hub, the Guarantor's leverage increased considerably, with total liabilities increasing from €24.5 million in 2017 to €30.4 million in 2018. Upon comparing the 2018 end of year trade and other payables balance with previous projections, management confirmed that the difference relates to the fact that capital expenditure incurred on the travel lifts were not yet settled by end of 2018. This is reflected through the increase in the gearing ratios from 2017 to 2018 respectively, as illustrated in the table above. Total liabilities are expected to marginally decrease in 2019.



#### 2.6 Guarantor's Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows Statement	Dec-2016A	Dec-2017A	Dec-2018A	Dec-2019F
	€	€	€	€
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operations/ (used in)	(1,349,202)	1,912,860	2,512,739	1,722,980
Finance income	5,913	19,411	18,872	1,297
Finance expense	(265,783)	(728,439)	(899,464)	(1,032,519)
Tax paid	(262,866)	(206,461)	(10,325)	(97,363)
Net cash flows generated from operating	(1,871,938)	997,371	1,621,822	594,395
activities				
Cash used in investing activities				
Purchase of intangible assets	(84,155)	(17,311)	(11,293)	_
Purchase of property, plant and	(5,556,648)	(9,514,802)	(6,630,128)	(1,400,000)
equipment	(3,330,010)	(3,311,002)	(0,030,120)	(1, 100,000)
Net cash flows generated from/(used in)	(5,640,803)	(9,532,113)	(6,641,421)	(1,400,000)
investing activities				
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net Repayment/ bank borrowings	(1,661,810)	-	3,334,319	1,302,836
Proceeds from bond issue	15,000,000	-	-	-
Bond issue costs	(346,809)	-	-	-
Issue of shares in non-controlling interest	40,000	-	540	-
Proceeds from grants		1,745,322	87,740	-
Net cash flows generated from / (used in)	13,031,381	1,745,322	3,422,599	1,302,836
financing activities				
Movement in cash and cash equivalents	5,518,640	(6,789,420)	(1,597,000)	497,231
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year	2,414,604	7,933,244	1,143,824	(453,176)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	7,933,244	1,143,824	(453,176)	44,055

Source: Audited financial statements and management information

Ratio Analysis	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019F
Cash Flow				
Free Cash Flow (Net cash from operations - Capex)	€(7,428,586)	€(8,517,431)	€(5,008,306)	€(805,605)

Source: Calamatta Cuschieri Investment Services Ltd Workings

Movement in working capital during to 2018 led to an overall increase in net cash generated from operating activities, signifying an improvement over previous projections. Moreover, in 2018 the Group reported a net cash inflow from operating activities of €1.6 million compared to an outflow of €1.8 million in 2016. Despite this improvement in net cash flows generated from operating activities, finance costs relating to the Bond continued to further increase in 2018.

Given that the majority of the works on the Hub were implemented in prior years, cash used in investing activities during 2018 decreased to €6.6 million, which also relate to investments in the Hub as outlined in section 1.4 of the Analysis.



In line with previous projections, cash from financing activities during 2018 mainly relates to the partial withdrawal of a bank overdraft undertaken by the Group, in order to finance additional developments on the Hub.

As a result of the above the Group's cash and cash equivalent balance at the end of 2018 decreased to negative €0.5 million from €7.9 million at the end of 2016.

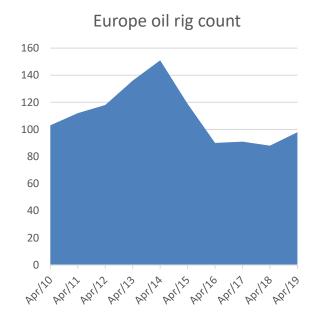
Given that a lower level of capital expenditure is anticipated to be incurred during 2019, management are forecasting a cash balance at end of year of €44k.

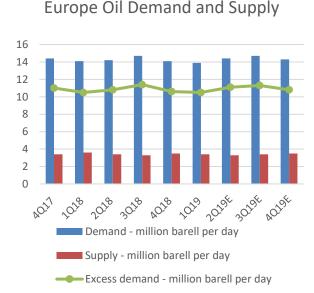
# Part 3 - Key market and competitor data

The main activity of the Group is to provide specialised services to the marine, oil and gas industries. As of 2018 the Group also started to pursue new lines of business pertaining to the servicing of yachts. This part of this Analysis provides an update relating to the oil and gas and yachting industries.

### Oil and Gas Industry

The main industry driver, directly impacting the operations of the Group is the price of oil. This has a direct bearing on the extent of drilling operations carried out by International Oil Companies (IOCs) and the number of rigs in operation, which in turn determines the demand for services provided by the Group.





More specifically, when the oil price is high, IOCs may explore deposits that were previously deemed too costly. However, when the price is low, investment in drilling and exploration could fall, which would increase competition between suppliers and the decline of the number of oil rigs in operation.

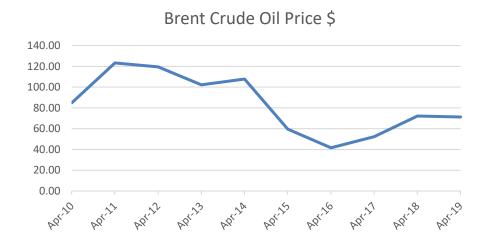


The offshore oil and gas industry has endured a challenging period over the past few years, forcing the industry as a whole to adapt and transform itself in line with the rapidly-changing energy requirements within the industry. In an attempt to address this ever growing concern and fully emerge from this challenging period; operators, service companies and major equipment manufacturers, started to establish MSAs with potential suppliers. These agreements have nowadays increased in popularity as they allocate risk and provide indemnification amongst both parties. Given that these companies operate in a highly volatile environment, such agreements provide the required support to rationalize their operations into better strategically located and efficient regional hubs.

Subsequent to the sharp drop experienced during 2014 and 2015, Brent Crude oil over the past three years have been trading in the range of \$41-\$71 per barrel. As of Q1 2019, the Brent Crude oil was selling in a range of \$59-\$66 per barrel. The main driver contributing towards such recovery in oil prices include the agreement entered into in 2017 between the Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") and non-OPEC countries to cut oil production and boost the market, the decline in oil supply from other large industry players not forming part of the OPEC agreement together with the continuous increase in oil demand. The discrepancy between the supply and demand for oil in Europe is demonstrated in the chart above.

Being an important indicator of demand for oil products, the global overall rig count have also increased in line with the upsurge and recovery in oil prices. As also illustrated in the chart above, the overall European rig count over the past three years started to increase in tandem with the most recent recovery in oil prices.

The industry is showing signs of an upward trend, although the political uncertainty in the Middle East and the sustainability of a higher oil price are the main causes of concern relating to the whole operation of the Group.



# Yachting Industry

Source: FRED Economic Data

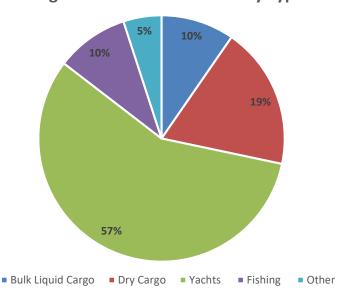
Due to the overall conditions within the oil and gas market sector, the Group's financial performance in 2018 was lower than previously anticipated. Going forward the Group has identified the yachting industry as an additional revenue stream to compensate for such decline. In this respect, during 2018, the Group constructed two 45-meter piers to accommodate vessel travel-hoists, equipping the Group



with the capability of lifting commercial and pleasure vessels of up to 700 tonnes from sea to dry ground for IMR services and return to sea.

Given its strategic location in the heart of Europe, Northern Africa and the Middle East, Malta has been established as a leading maritime centre offering a wide variety of services and facilities to the maritime and yachting industry. This, together with Malta's reputation as being a reliable, and an efficient maritime jurisdiction, while offering a wide array of experience in such regard, has positioned Malta as the largest ship register in the European Union and the sixth largest in the world. As per below chart, latest data pertaining the type of vessels registered in Malta indicate that 57% out of all registered vessels, are yachts. This further highlights the significant positioning of the yacht industry in Malta while also demonstrating the additional necessity for these vessels to be catered for.

The maritime services sector in Malta has been established greatly before the emergence of Malta's financial services, gaming and insurance industries. As such, this long maritime tradition has originated from the islands' history, modern facilities and reputable shipping-related service providers. Furthermore, with the recent implementation of the new legislation, allowing individuals to set up maritime related entities in Malta, all offerings within this area have now been completed.



Registered Vessels in Malta By Type

Source: Transport Malta Annual Report

#### 3.1 The Group's Competitive Environment

The Group's competitive environment has comprised local and foreign market players, including local and foreign shipyards, local and foreign terminals, ship chandlers, ship agents, and neighbouring countries with oil and gas pro-legislature, engineering facilities, and personnel recruitment agencies.

In terms of the Group's new line of business, the Group's competitive environment in such respect comprises local and foreign entities offering yacht maintenance and yacht upkeep related services. As it transforms its business, the Group's competitive strength will increasingly lie in the range of services



it provides, resulting in a one-stop shop for rigs within a cost effective, multi-faceted Hub in the centre of the Mediterranean.

The location, size and facilities of the Mediterranean Maritime Hub offers clients with the unique regional operational flexibility. This applies to the oil and gas industry as well as to companies with diverse maritime industries.

The Group is subject to regulation by the local transport regulator—Transport Malta. It is also regulated by the SEC under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, a United States federal law known primarily for two of its main provisions, one that addresses accounting transparency requirements under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and another concerning bribery of foreign officials; as well as the UK Bribery Act of 2010.

It is also an accredited member of the International Association of Drilling Contractors and is ISO9001:2015 compliant, OHSAS 18001:2007 certified and 14001:2004 compliant. These certifications demonstrate that the Group aims to ensure client satisfaction, that work is performed in a safe environment, and with the least environmental impact possible.



# 3.2 Comparative Analysis

The purpose of the table below compares the proposed debt issuance of the group to other debt instruments with similar duration. One must note that given the material differences in profiles and industries, the risks associated with the Group's business and that of other issuers is therefore also different.

Security	Nom Value	Yield to Maturity	Interest coverage (EBITDA)	Total Assets	Total Equity	Total Liabilities / Total Assets	Net Debt / Total Equity	Net Debt / EBITDA	Current Ratio	Return on Common Equity	Net Margin	Revenue Growth (YoY)	Last Closing Price *
	€000's	(%)	(times)	(€'millions)	(€'millions)	(%)	(%)	(times)	(times)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
3.9% Plaza Centres plc Unsecured € 2026	8,500	3.66%	4.6x	46.0	28.0	39.1%	41.8%	4.5x	0.5x	3.9%	33.5%	-0.2%	101.50
4% International Hotel Investments plc Secured € 2026	55,000	3.36%	3.2x	1,617.9	877.6	45.8%	58.7%	7.6x	1.1x	1.0%	3.3%	62.3%	104.00
4% International Hotel Investments plc Unsecured € 2026	40,000	3.69%	3.2x	1,617.9	877.6	45.8%	58.7%	7.6x	1.1x	1.0%	3.3%	62.3%	102.00
4.5% Medserv plc Unsecured € 2026	21,982	4.50%	2.5x	156.8	18.7	88.1%	391.1%	11.1x	1.4x	-40.7%	-26.3%	25.7%	99.99
5.75% Medserv plc Unsecured USD 2026	9,148	5.84%	2.5x	156.8	18.7	88.1%	391.1%	11.1x	1.4x	-40.7%	-26.3%	25.7%	99.50
4% International Hotel Investments plc Unsecured € 2026 FI	20,000	3.64%	3.2x	1,617.9	877.6	45.8%	58.7%	7.6x	1.1x	1.0%	3.3%	62.3%	102.35
4% MIDI plc Secured € 2026	50,000	3.30%	10.2x	220.6	97.4	55.8%	47.0%	2.4x	2.7x	12.6%	22.2%	1031.7%	104.41
4.8% Mediterranean Maritime Hub Finance plc Unsecured € 2026	15,000	4.43%	0.9x	34.2	3.8	89.0%	502.3%	24.3x	0.7x	-23.7%	-7.0%	-8.0%	102.25
4.5% Grand Harbour Marina plc Unsecured € 2027	15,000	3.92%	2.3x	22.3	3.3	85.2%	192.1%	4.0x	3.3x	13.6%	8.9%	14.4%	104.00
4.35% SD Finance plc Unsecured € 2027	65,000	3.90%	6.1x	229.9	63.8	72.3%	101.1%	3.1x	0.7x	11.7%	15.1%	7.8%	103.00
3.75% Virtu Finance plc Unsecured € 2027	25,000	3.16%	9.7x	153.6	90.4	41.2%	57.2%	3.7x	0.5x	12.8%	32.9%	0.5%	104.30
4% Stivala Group Finance plc Secured € 2027	45,000	3.65%	3.7x	202.4	115.8	42.8%	54.1%	5.8x	0.3x	99.8%	587.9%	51.3%	102.50
3.75% Bortex Group Finance plc Unsecured € 2027	12,750	3.51%	4.3x	52.6	27.9	47.0%	64.8%	25.7x	3.3x	-0.8%	-1.3%	-9.9%	101.75
3.75% Tumas Investments plc Unsecured € 2027	25,000	3.18%	23.0x	266.9	154.5	42.1%	19.6%	0.5x	3.2x	37.3%	36.1%	128.6%	104.00
4.4% Central Business Centres plc Unsecured € 2027 S1/17 T1	6,000	3.90%	0.2x	29.0	16.1	44.6%	72.5%	113.2x	0.8x	-0.7%	-33.3%	8.2%	103.40
3.75% Mercury Projects Finance plc Secured € 2027	11,500	3.45%	7.7x	38.0	0.8	97.9%	663.5%	4.8x	0.6x	101.2%	12.3%	261.0%	102.00
4.5% Endo Finance plc € Unsecured Bonds 2029	13,500	4.37%	4.4x	25.4	8.4	66.7%	41.1%	5.4x	11.2x	-0.1%	0.0%	n/a	101.00
4.25% Mercury Projects Finance plc Secured € 2031	11,000	3.80%	7.7x	38.0	0.8	97.9%	663.5%	4.8x	0.6x	101.2%	12.3%	261.0%	104.18
Average		3.81%	5.8x	381.9	192.8	61.5%	175.1%	13.1x	2.0x	18.5%	40.2%	124.6%	

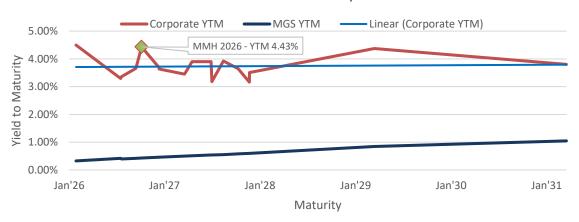
Source: Latest Available Audited Financial Statements

Last price as at 31/05/2019

<sup>\*\*</sup> Average figures do not capture the financial analysis of the Group



# Yield Curve Analysis



Source: Central Bank of Malta and Bloomberg

As can be witnessed in the comparative analysis, the Group's leverage is above the average of its comparable issuers on the Malta Stock Exchange at 89% gearing (Total Liabilities/ Total Assets), compared to an average of 61.5% or at a gearing (Net Debt / Total Equity) of 502.3% compared to an average of 175.1% for the industry.

As at 3<sup>rd</sup> June 2019, the average spread over the Malta Government Stock (MGS) for corporates with maturity range of 7-13 years was 333 basis points. The 4.8% Mediterranean Maritime Hub Finance plc 2026 is currently trading at 400 basis point spreads, amounting to 67 basis points above the average of the market.



# Part 4 - Glossary and Definitions

Income Statement				
Revenue	Total revenue generated by the Group/Company from its principal business activities during the financial year.			
Costs	Costs are expenses incurred by the Group/Company in the production of its revenue.			
EBITDA	EBITDA is an abbreviation for earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation. It reflects the Group's/Company's earnings purely from operations.			
Operating Profit (EBIT)	EBIT is an abbreviation for earnings before interest and tax.			
Depreciation and Amortisation	An accounting charge to compensate for the decrease in the monetary value of an asset over time and the eventual cost to replace the asset once fully depreciated.			
Net Finance Costs	The interest accrued on debt obligations less any interest earned on cash bank balances and from intra-group companies on any loan advances.			
Net Income	The profit made by the Group/Company during the financial year net of any income taxes incurred.			
Profitability Ratios				
Growth in Revenue (YoY)	This represents the growth in revenue when compared with previous financial year.			
Gross Profit Margin	Gross profit as a percentage of total revenue.			
EBITDA Margin	EBITDA as a percentage of total revenue.			
Operating (EBIT) Margin	Operating margin is the EBIT as a percentage of total revenue.			
Net Margin	Net income expressed as a percentage of total revenue.			
Return on Common Equity	Return on common equity (ROE) measures the rate of return on the shareholders' equity of the owners of issued share capital, computed by dividing the net income by the average common equity (average equity of two years financial performance).			
Return on Assets	Return on assets (ROA) is computed by dividing net income by total assets.			
Cash Flow Statement				
Cash Flow from Operating Activities (CFO)	Cash generated from the principal revenue producing activities of the Group/Company less any interest incurred on debt.			
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	Cash generated from the activities dealing with the acquisition and disposal of long-term assets and other investments of the Group/Company.			
Cash Flow from Financing Activities	Cash generated from the activities that result in change in share capital and borrowings of the Group/Company.			
Capex	Represents the capital expenditure incurred by the Group/Company in a financial year.			
Free Cash Flows (FCF)	The amount of cash the Group/Company has after it has met its financial obligations. It is calculated by taking Cash Flow from Operating Activities less the Capex of the same financial year.			
Balance Sheet				
Total Assets	What the Group/Company owns which can de further classified into Non-Current Assets and Current Assets.			
Non-Current Assets	Assets, full value of which will not be realised within the forthcoming accounting year			
Current Assets	Assets which are realisable within one year from the statement of financial position date.			
Inventory	Inventory is the term for the goods available for sale and raw materials used to produce goods available for sale.			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents are Group/Company assets that are either cash or can be converted into cash immediately.			
Total Equity	Total Equity is calculated as total assets less liabilities, representing the capital owned by the shareholders, retained earnings, and any reserves.			



# What the Group/Company owes which can de further classified into Non-Current **Total Liabilities** Liabilities and Current Liabilities. Non-Current Liabilities Obligations which are due after more than one financial year.

Non-Current Liabilities	Obligations which are due after more than one financial year.			
Total Debt	All debt obligations inclusive of long and short-term debt.			
Net Debt	Total debt of a Group/Company less any cash and cash equivalents.			
Current Liabilities	Obligations which are due within one financial year.			
Financial Strength Ratios				
Current Ratio	The Current ratio (also known as the Liquidity Ratio) is a financial ratio that measures whether or not a company has enough resources to pay its debts over the next 12 months. It compares current assets to current liabilities.			
Quick Ratio (Acid Test Ratio)	The quick ratio measures a Group's/Company's ability to meet its short-term obligations with its most liquid assets. It compares current assets (less inventory) to current liabilities.			
Interest Coverage Ratio	The interest coverage ratio is calculated by dividing EBITDA of one period by cash interest paid of the same period.			
Gearing Ratio	The gearing ratio indicates the relative proportion of shareholders' equity and debt used to finance total assets.			
Gearing Ratio Level 1	Is calculated by dividing Net Debt by Total Equity.			
Gearing Ratio Level 2	Is calculated by dividing Total Liabilities by Total Assets.			
Net Debt / EBITDA	The Net Debt / EBITDA ratio measures the ability of the Group/Company to refinance its debt by looking at the EBITDA.			
Other Definitions				
Yield to Maturity (YTM)	YTM is the rate of return expected on a bond which is held till maturity. It is essentially the internal rate of return on a bond and it equates the present value of bond future cash flows to its current market price.			
Occupancy Level	The occupancy level is expressed as a percentage and indicates the number of rooms occupied to the total number of available rooms in a given time period.			